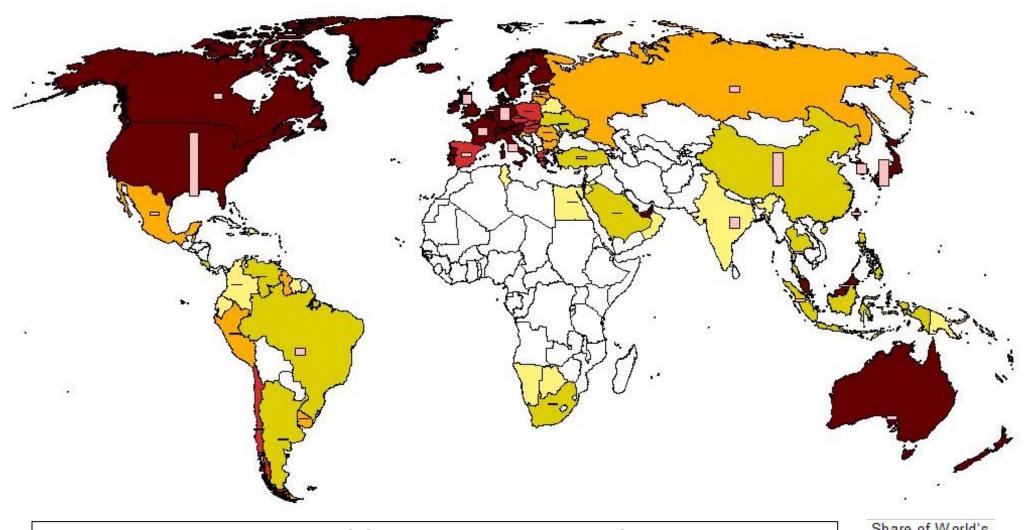
Providing Internet Search for Low-Connectivity Communities

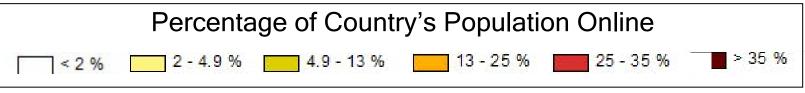
Bill Thies

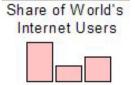
Computer Science and Artificial Intelligence Laboratory
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Google New York July 11, 2005

Internet Users Worldwide







Barriers to Internet Access

Infrastructure

- Limited phone lines
- Low-bandwidth international links
- Unreliable power supplies

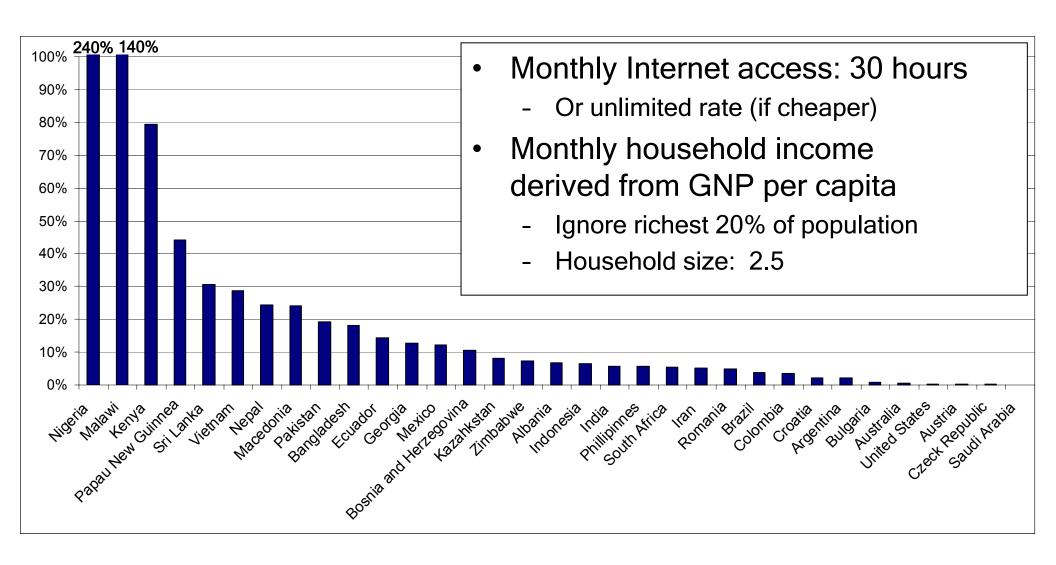
High costs

- Computer unaffordable or unavailable
- ISP, telephone costs can exceed local wage
- Exacerbated by slow connections

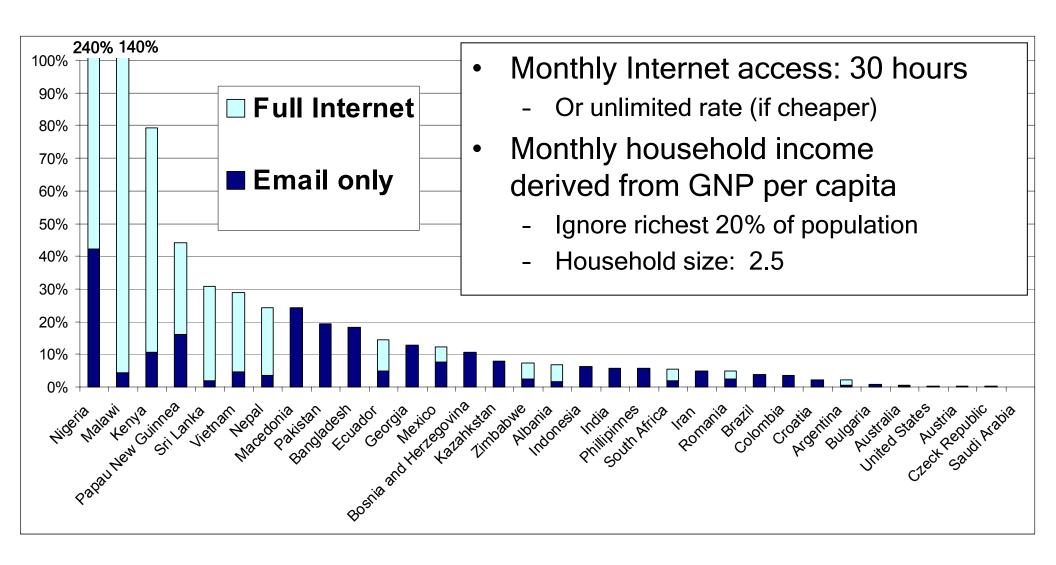
Social barriers

- Illiterate or non-technical users
- Lack of local content

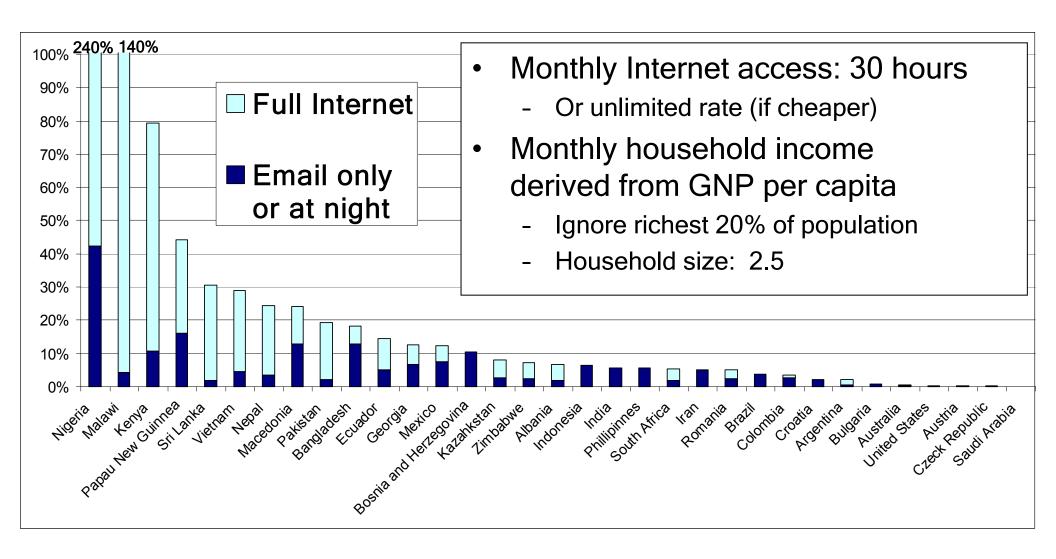
Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



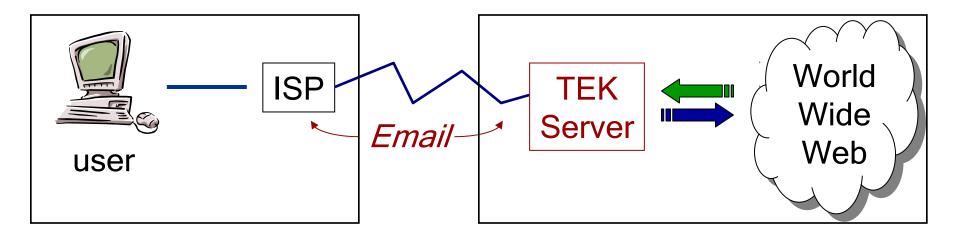
Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



Cost of Dial-up Internet Access as a Fraction of Household Income



TEK: Email-Based Search



Solution has two components:

- 1. Transfer all data through email, not http
 - Connect only to send/receive email, not to browse web
- 2. TEK Server optimizes for bandwidth requirements

TEK: "Time Equals Knowledge"

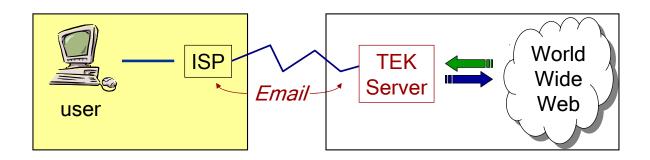
Outline

- TEK System
- Usage Scenarios
- Optimizing for Bandwidth

Outline

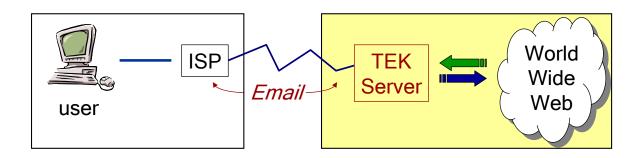
- TEK System
- Usage Scenarios
- Optimizing for Bandwidth

TEK Client

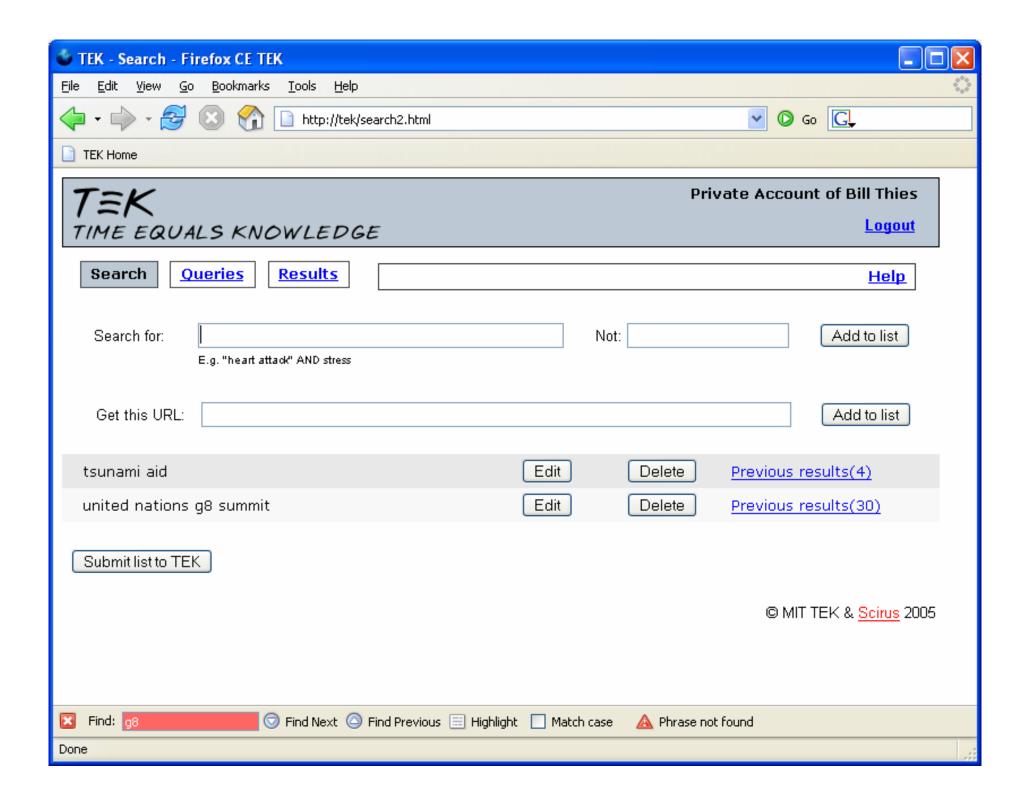


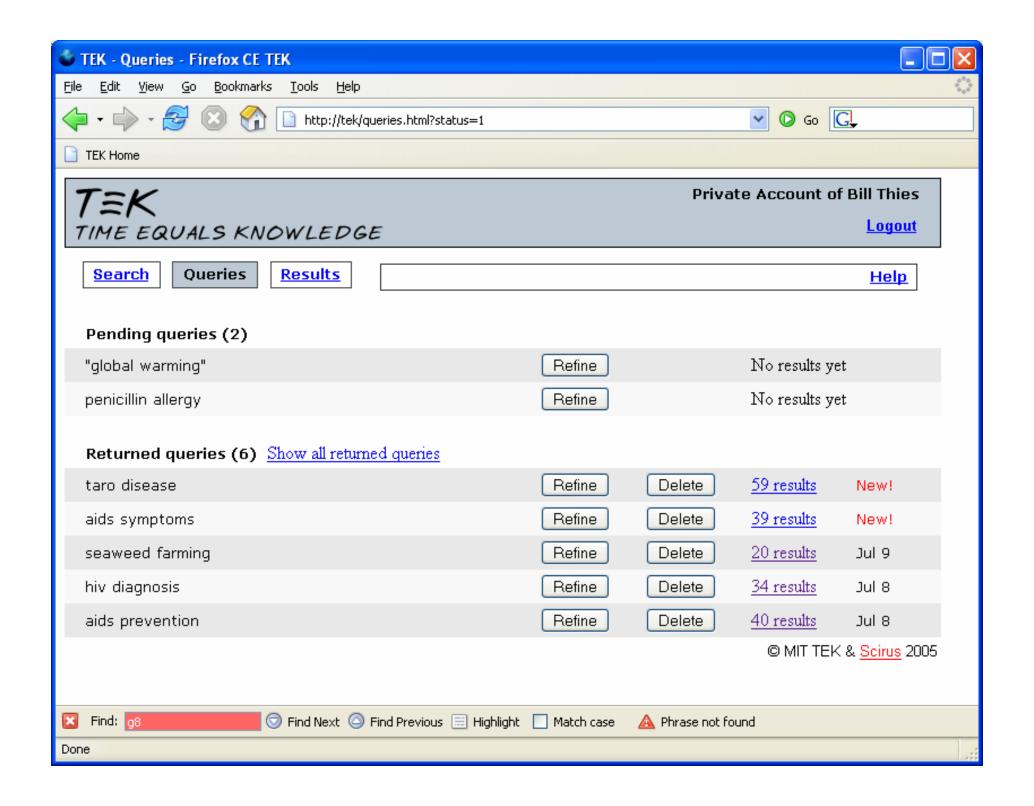
- Implemented as an HTTP Proxy Server bundled with a custom version of Firefox
- When offline, users can:
 - Search and browse old results as if connected
 - Enqueue queries for new results or missing pages
- When online, users can:
 - Send pending queries
 - Receive new results (attached to standard emails)

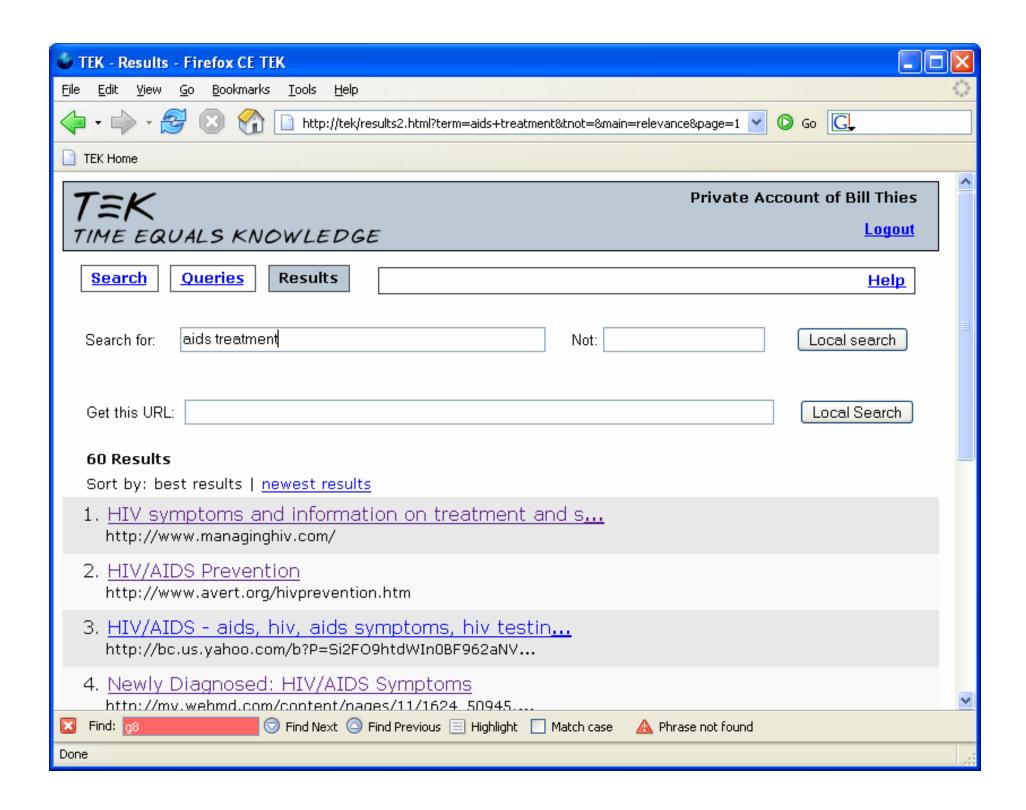
TEK Server

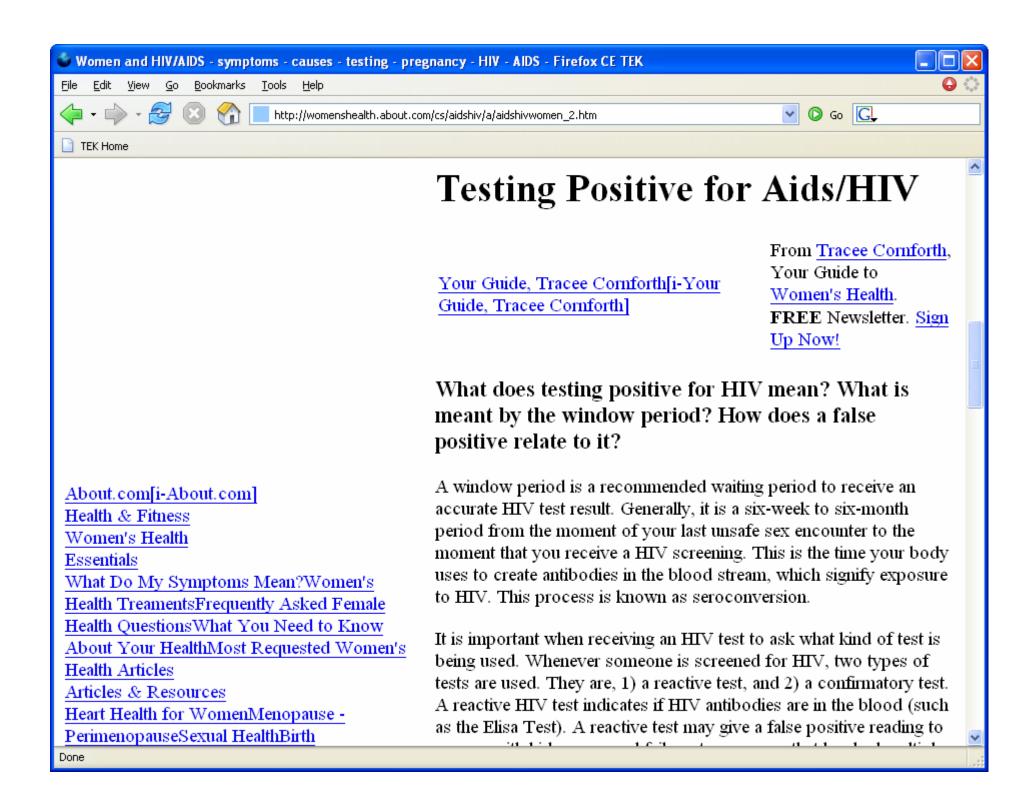


- Queries Google for relevant pages
- Returns filtered content of ~20 pages to user
 - Remove images
 - Remove junk HTML (JavaScript, colors, meta tags, etc.)
 - Uses loband library for page simplification (loband.org)
 - Convert PDF, PS to HTML (uses pdftohtml)
- Maintain server image of client page cache
 - Avoid sending duplicate pages
- Compress pages, send as single attachment
 - Limit attachment size to 150K (or smaller, for some users)

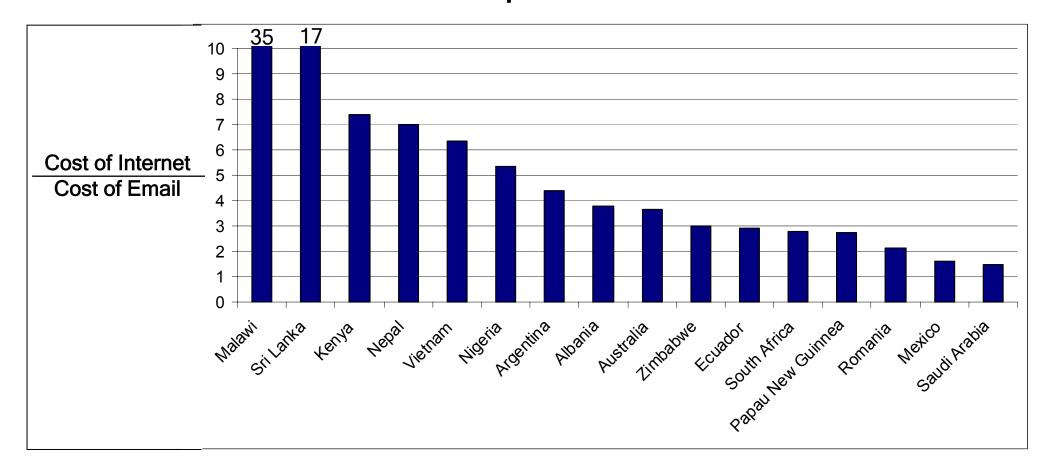






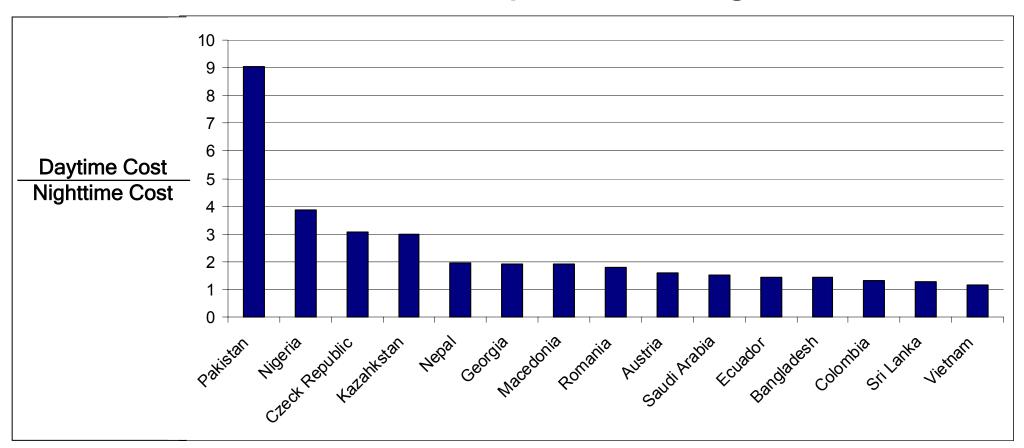


Email accounts cheaper than web access



- Email accounts cheaper than web access
 - Some infrastructures support email only

- Email accounts cheaper than web access
 - Some infrastructures support email only
- Can send/receive all queries at night



- Email accounts cheaper than web access
 - Some infrastructures support email only
- Can send/receive all queries at night
- Connection time is shorter
 - Avoids reading pages online
 - Content direct from ISP, not distant server
 - Server compression shrinks results

TEK Rationale II: More Usable

- Viewing results offline: quick, reliable
 - Establish local database of shared information
- In school: time-share Internet line with voice
 - Reduced time online makes Internet viable
- Manageable amount of information

Outline

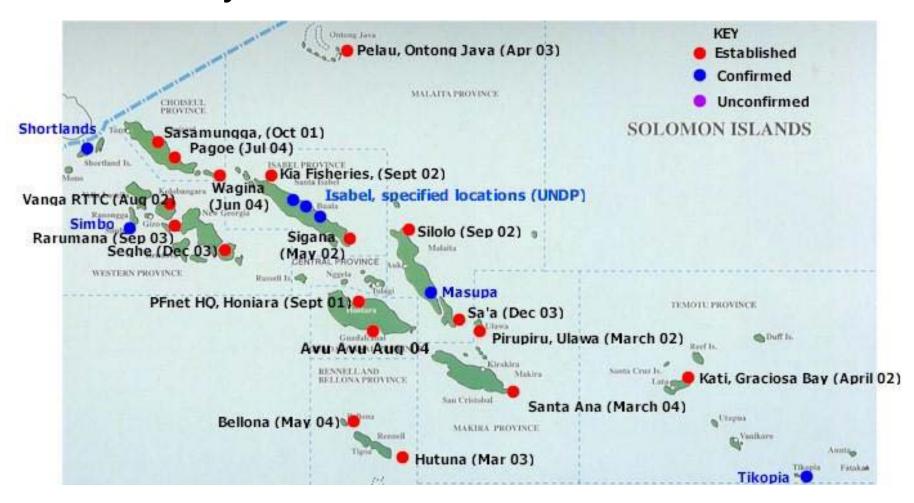
- TEK System
- Usage Scenarios
- Optimizing for Bandwidth

Deployment Status

- TEK available on SourceForge and via free CD
- Released summer 2002, but still expanding
 - Implementing new user interface
 - Partnering with Elsevier Scirus search engine for wide deployment to libraries, institutions
- Most active users in partner organizations

People's First Network

- Solomon Islands served by HF Radio Network
- Email only



People's First Network

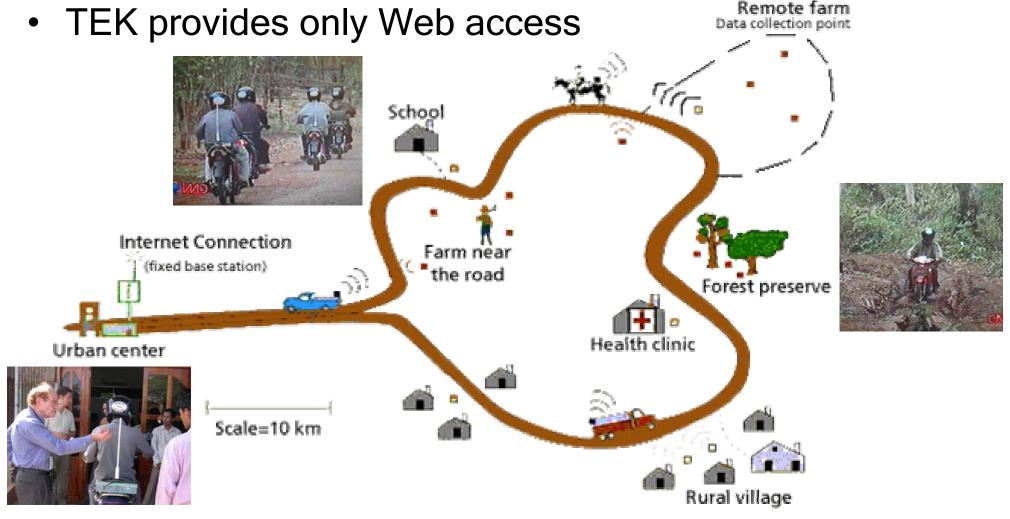
- TEK installed: \$0.65 per query from kiosk
 - \$1.30 / hour for operator assistance browsing results
 - Compare to \$0.25 per email, \$0.65 to type one page
 - Contributes to kiosk sustainability
- Many applications reported
 - 1. Farmers information on diseases; networking

Subsistence farmers on Rennell have obtained advice concerning taro diseases affecting their crop. Via the 'TEK-websearch' facility, one group of farmers was able to access detailed technical information about vanilla farming and to communicate with a specialist from the *Kastom Gaden Association. -- Chand et al., PFNet Case Study, 2005*

- 2. Teachers environmental impact of local logging
- 3. Pastors downloading sermons
- 4. Entrepreneurs download / sell lyrics
- 5. General health, education, sports, entertainment

First Mile Solutions

- Store-and-forward connectivity via Mobile Access Point
 - Cambodia, Rwanda, Costa Rica, India



Source: www.firstmilesolutions.com

EmailWeb.us (Gary Griswold)

- Same goal as TEK
- Operates entirely within email program
 - One URL request per query
 - HTML content + images returned in body of email
 - Links and forms re-submit to EmailWeb
- Very lightweight, no installation needed

EmailWeb Usage

2000 queries / day

Russia	28%
Cuba	17%
Indonesia	17%
Ukraine	8%
United States	6%
Canada	3%

Others:

Mongolia, Singapore, UK, Hong Kong, Papau New Guinnea, Sri Lanka, Libya, Malawi, Niger, Zambia, Costa Rica, The Bahamas, China, India, Japan, Solomon Islands, Belarus, Moldova, Kazakhstan, Switzerland

- In office: personal access to email, but not Web
 - One dedicated computer for Internet (Indonesia)
 - UUCP for local network (Cuba)

Applications in Developed Countries

- Airplanes
 - Tenzing supplies email-only connection (\$10-\$20)
 - Continental Airlines, United Airlines, US Airways
 - ~2.4kbs satellite link for entire plane¹
- Mobile phones
- ISPs charge for bandwidth (Australia)
- Conservative religious sects²
- Anxiety about browser security²

¹ http://www.pcworld.com/news/article/0,aid,114216,00.asp

² anecdotes from EmailWeb users

Outline

- TEK System
- Usage Scenarios
- Optimizing for Bandwidth

Low-Bandwidth Search is Different

	Real-time Search	Email-based Search
Acceptable Latency	1-2 seconds	minutes/hours
Optimization Metric	relevance per page	relevance per byte
Search Process	trial-and-error	careful
User Identity	unknown	email address

1. State-Based Compression

Cheaper to store information than re-download it

- 100 GB disk drive: \$250

- 100 GB at 56kbs, \$1/hr: \$4000

 If server knows everything stored on client, can it improve compression of search results?

http://www.aidsinfo.nih.gov/

TEK
Server

http://www.hivnetnordic.org/index.shtm http://www.acnl.net/Basic_HIV_&_AIDS_Info.htm http://www.info.gov.hk/health/aids/ http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/graphics/women.htm http://www.med.unsw.edu.au/nchecr/ http://www.utopia-asia.com/aids.htm http://www.sfaf.org/aids101/hiv_testing.html

http://www.gaytoronto.com/casey/

http://www.hivnetnordic.org/index.shtm http://www.acnl.net/Basic_HIV_&_AIDS_Info.htm http://www.info.gov.hk/health/aids/ http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/graphics/women.htm http://www.med.unsw.edu.au/nchecr/ http://www.utopia-asia.com/aids.htm http://www.sfaf.org/aids101/hiv_testing.html http://www.gaytoronto.com/casey/

1. State-Based Compression

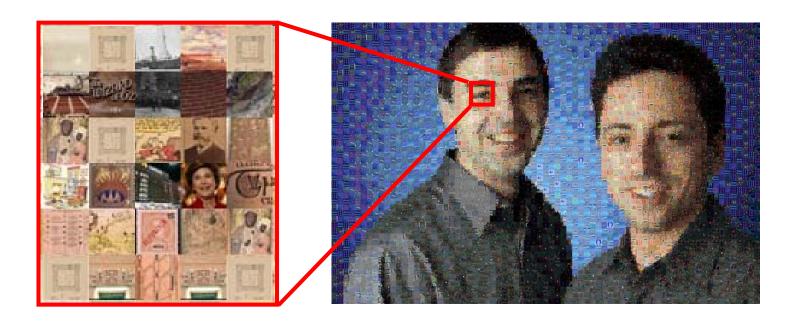
General problem:
 If two parties share a large dictionary, can they reduce communication bandwidth?



- In general: no
 - info content (index) = info content (entry)
- In practice: maybe
 - Space of inputs is not uniformly populated
 - E.g., many images are text, bullets, smileys, patterns
 - Lossy: send index of closest match in dictionary
 - Lossless: send exact diff from dictionary entry

Photo Mosaics

Mosaic: picture made of other pictures

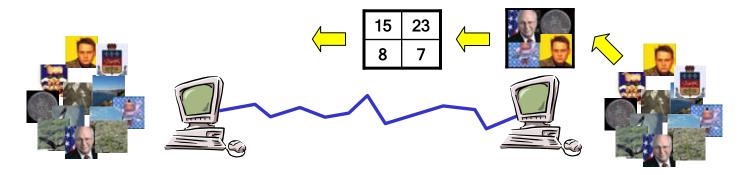


- 1. Break image into cells
- 2. Match each cell against image library
 - Use wavelet decomposition for perceptual match

Mosaic Compression

(Samidh Chakrabarti 2002)

- Idea: server constructs mosaic from client images
 - Send pointers to image components, not image data



- Image size (bits): #cells * log₂ (library_size)
 - Gzip offers further savings
- Possible image libraries
 - Images previously downloaded by client
 - Pre-defined library

Experiments

- Setup
 - 4096 images from Wikipedia
 - Cell size: 12x12 pixels
 - PhotoMosaic software (BlackDog, shareware)
 - Touch-up features disabled
- Processing time
 - ~20 minutes to analyze library
 - ~1 minute to build mosaic



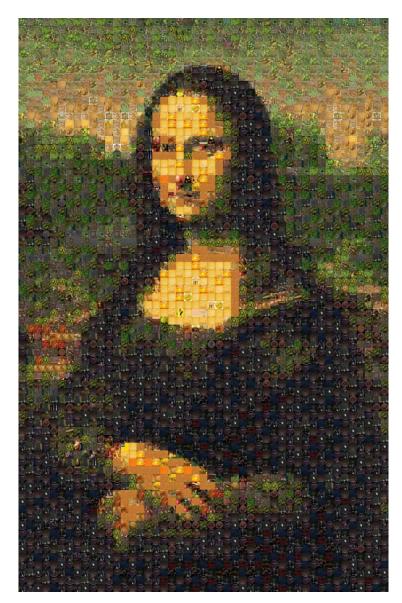
Wikipedia JPEG: 46 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb (22X smaller)



0-Quality JPEG: 27 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb (13X smaller)

1

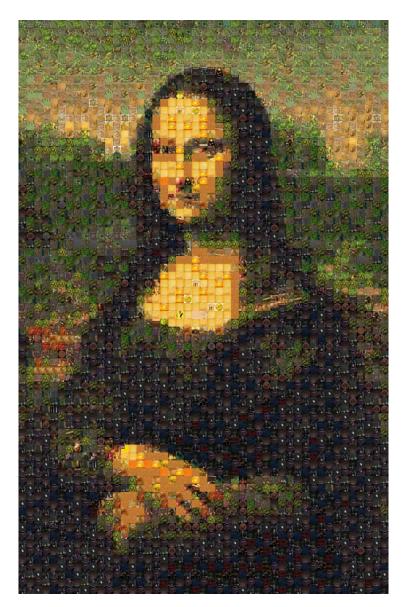
30X Smaller JPEG: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



Small JPEG, Zoomed: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



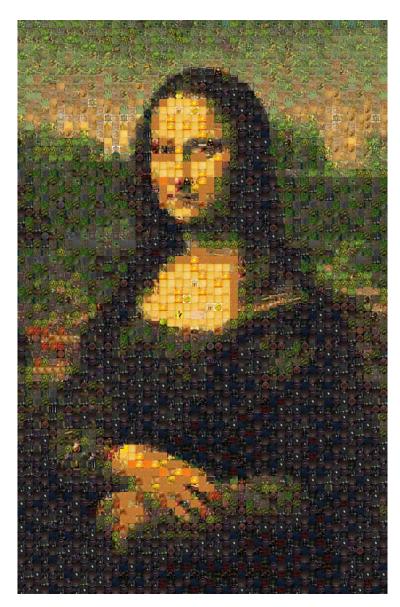
21X Smaller GIF: 2.0 Kb



Mosaic: 2.0 Kb



Small GIF, Zoomed: 2.0 Kb

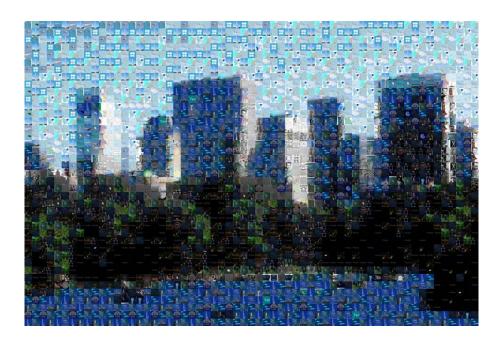


Mosaic: 2.0 Kb

Compressing Landscapes



JPEG Image: 52 Kb

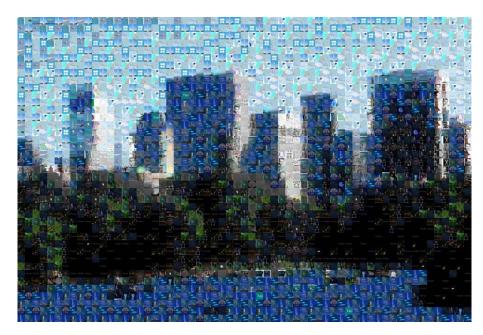


Mosaic: 1.6 Kb (33X smaller)

Compressing Landscapes



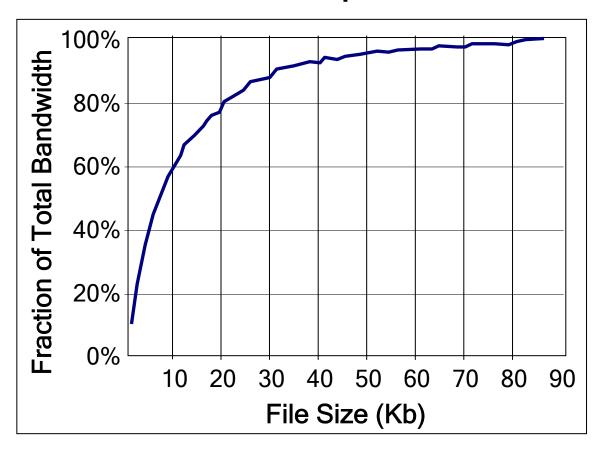
23X Smaller GIF: 1.6 Kb



Mosaic: 1.6 Kb

Importance of Small Images

Most bandwidth spent on small images!



60% of bandwidth on images < 10Kb

- → Text recognition?
- → Icon substitution?

- Source: Chakrabarti'02
- 42,684 images from sites in Google programming contest
- 5,540 images from 1,000 most popular sites (ZDNet)

Compressing Logos



Original GIF: 4 Kb



Mosaic: 0.8 Kb (5X Smaller)

Compressing Logos



3.7X Smaller GIF: 0.8Kb



Mosaic: 0.8 Kb (5X Smaller)

What's the Verdict?

- Many avenues for improvement
 - What is the best image library?
 - Impact of smoothing, rotation, diffs?
 - Edge detection + texture mapping
 - Lossy compression of edges
 - Random noise for realism





- In current form, perhaps useful as a preview
 - 5-33X smaller than JPEG
 - More entertaining than ALT tag or blurry picture

2. Breaking the URL Abstraction

- Entire webpage is unlikely to be useful
- Alternate abstractions for search engines:
 - Document sections ()
 - Paragraphs
 - Tables
 - PDF Bookmarks
- If low bandwidth,
 Extract relevant content and return to user
- If high bandwidth,
 Jump* to relevant portion

^{*} may require cached version or HTML / browser extensions

3. Client-Specific Pagerank (ala Google Personalized)

- Ambiguous searches have clusters of results
 - "Mercury" element, planet, car, or Roman God?
 - High-bandwidth users do iterative searches
 - Low-bandwidth users can't afford many iterations
 - And often lack skills to eliminate spurious hits
- Idea: select pages based on client profile
 - Geography, demographics, previous searches
 - "Java history" from Indonesia → history of island
 - "GDP" after biology queries → guanine diphosphate
- Pagerank: boost links from user's demographic

4. Smart Query Builder

- Spelling error is costly for email-based search
- Client interface should:
 - Check spelling
 - Anticipate number of results
 - Identify ambiguous queries
- New opportunity for advanced query building
 - E.g., users willing to categorize searches
- New opportunity for evaluating search results
 - Users willing to provide careful feedback
 - Research vehicle for IR and UI testing

Conclusion

- High demand for low-bandwidth search
 - Today: emerging Internet users worldwide, PDAs
 - Future: pervasive computing, space exploration
- Much room for technical innovation
 - State-based compression
 - New ranking algorithms
- Prototype systems have proven useful
 - TEK, EmailWeb, www4mail, loband
 - Robust, visible service could have large impact

Acknowledgements

- TEK team
 - Prof. Saman Amarasinghe
- Marjorie Cheng

- Previous participants
 - Libby Levison
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 - Janelle Prevost
 - Mark Halsey

- Hongfei Tian
- Damon Berry
- Bihn Vo
- Sheldon Chan
- Sid Henderson
- Alexandro Artola

• EmailWeb - Gary Griswold